For all of us to avoid becoming infected and infecting others

November 25th, 2021 Kyoto Prefectural Government

1 In order to keep living a new normal lifestyle with low infection risks

The current infection situation of Kyoto Prefecture maintains the trend of improving, however, we can still see new infection cases occurring, including cluster incidents in some parts of the Prefecture. It is necessary to maintain a "new normal lifestyle" that gradually promotes efforts to carry out our everyday life and social-economic activities while remaining vigilant in order to avoid a repeat of the outbreak. In particular, the risk of becoming infected due to the 3Cs (closed spaces, crowded places, close contact settings) is likely to be increased as the cold winter season is approaching and people tend to spend more time indoors. As the winter is approaching, please take infection prevention measures and be cautious to avoid becoming infected and infecting others.

① Keep practicing basic prevention measures against COVID-19!

- Thoroughly implement measures such as correctly wearing a mask, frequently washing your hands, utilizing devices for disinfecting hands and fingers when on outings.
- · Keep your distance from others (more than 1m) and do not speak in loud voices.
- · Maintain adequate temperature and humidity levels, and frequently ventilate indoor spaces.

2 If you are feeling unwell, consult with a medical institution first!

- If you are feeling even a little unwell, are developing a fever, or are coughing, please do not hesitate to contact a medical institution and avoid going out in the meantime.
- Create an environment at work or school where people who are suspected of being unwell or infected can take time off.

3 Be cautious when going out to avoid the risk of infection!

- Please thoroughly implement basic infection prevention measures when you take a trip or travel across prefectures.
- · Please avoid crowded places and times when possible.
- When visiting a facility for the elderly or a medical institution, please make sure to follow their infection prevention measures.

4 Reduce the risk of infection at eating and drinking occasions!

- Keep such events as short durations as is possible.
- · Masks should be worn correctly when talking and do not speak in loud voices.
- If you are eating or drinking in a restaurant, make sure you use a certified restaurant which has infection control measures in place.

5 If you wish to be vaccinated, please be proactive in doing so!

- If you wish to be vaccinated, which is proven to be effective in preventing the onset and severity of illness, please do so proactively.
- Create an environment at work and school where those who wish to get vaccinated can feel free to go and do so.

2 Request of infection prevention measures to business operators

(Special Measures Law, Article 24, Paragraph 9)

(1) Infection prevention measures at outlets and offices

• Please follow the per industry guidelines for infection prevention.

(Not based on the Special Measures Law)

- Please promote measures such as teleworking, staggered commuting or cycling to work to reduce contact with other people.
- Please take infection prevention measures when switching locations, such as when using the cafeteria, break rooms, locker rooms, smoking rooms, etc.
- For restaurant owners, please join the restaurant certification system.

(2) Infection prevention measures when holding an event

[Request]

1 Targeted area: Entirety of Kyoto Prefecture

※Infection prevention safety plans are to be compiled for an event with more than 5,000 people and when at more than 50% of the venue's capacity.

- 2 Period: Ongoing from November 25th, 2021 for the time being. (Subject to be reviewed in accordance with the infection situation)
- 3 Maximum capacity:

[When the compiled prevention measures are approved by Kyoto Prefecture]

Up to the maximum capacity of the venue

[Cases other than the above]

5,000 people or 50% of maximum capacity of the venue, whichever is larger.

Capacity rate: 100% assuming there will be no loud voice cheering

50% assuming there will be loud voice cheering

"Loud voice" means repeated or continuous voicing of audiences in louder volumes than usual. An event actively promoting this kind of behavior, or not taking necessary measures against this, is deemed as such when it's assumed there will be loud cheering.

[Examples]

- Use of loud voices or talking between spectators for long periods of time
- Repeated or continued singing and cheering songs at a sporting event
- XTemporarily cheering when scoring a goal is not necessarily deemed loud voice cheering.

(5) Prior consultation:

[Compilation of infection prevention safety plan]

For an event with more than 5,000 participants and more than 50% of the venue's maximum capacity, an event organizer must submit an infection prevention safety plan, which states the concrete prevention measures that are being put in place, to Kyoto Prefecture around 2 weeks in prior to the event.

[Cases other than the above]

An event organizer must present a checklist showing infection prevention measures on its website and the like, and store it for one year starting from the last day of the event. (Forms of infection prevention safety plan and checklists are listed on the Kyoto Prefectural website.)